Agarwal Prakash & Co.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

508, Indra Prakash, 21, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi – 110001 Phones: 23730880/1 Fax: 011-43516377 E-mail:contact@apnco.org

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Lucina Land Development Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Lucina Land Development Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2022, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2022, its profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ('SA's) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.



Key Audit Matter

The Company's policies on revenue recognition is set out in Note 5.2 to the standalone financial statements.

As per the principles of Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers", revenue from sale of residential/commercial properties is recognized when the performance obligations are essentially complete.

The performance obligations are considered to be complete when control over the property has been transferred to the buyer i.e. offer for possession of properties have been issued to the customers.

The amount of revenue and cost thereon on contracts with customers forms a substantial part of the statement of profit and loss and management judgement is also involved in the interpretation of these conditions.

The above transaction required audit focus due to the significant impact of the same on the accompanying standalone financial statement of the Company. The matter has been considered to be of most significance to the audit and accordingly, has been considered as a key audit matter for the current year audit.

Audit Response

Our audit procedures related to the revenue recognition included, but not limited to the following:

- Evaluated the appropriateness of the Company's revenue recognition policies with respect to the principles of Ind AS 115;
- Enquiring from the management and inspecting the internal controls related to revenue recognition for ensuring the completeness of the customer sales, issue of possession letters and the recording of customer receipts;
- We have performed the following procedures for revenue recognition:
 - Verification of the possession letters issued on sample basis along with the proof of deliveries to ensure completeness;
 - b. Verification of the collection from customers for the units sold from the statement of accounts on a sample basis to ensure receipt of the amount; and
 - c. Performing cut-off procedures and other analytical procedures like project wise variance analysis and margin analysis to find any anomalies.
- Ensured that the disclosure requirements of Ind AS
 115 have been complied with.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. Other information does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. Reporting under this section is not applicable as no other information is obtained at the date of this auditor's report.



Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate,



to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the 'Annexure A', a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in 'Annexure B'. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements as at 31 March 2022—Refer Note 50 to the standalone financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2022.



- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2022.
- iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared and paid dividend during the year.

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(h) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company did not pay any remuneration to its Directors during the year.

For Agarwal Prakash & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number

Vikas Agrawal

Partner

Membership No.: 097848

UDIN: 22097848AKYMLN4811

Place: Gurugram
Date: 27 May 2022

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

With reference to the Annexure A referred to in the Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022, based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting a true and fair view on the standalone financial statements of the Company and taking into consideration the information and explanations given to us and the books of account and other records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (i) In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets:
 - (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
 - (B) The company has no intangible assets. Accordingly, clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The property, plant and equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
 - (c) The Company does not own any immovable property including investment properties are held in the name of the Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment or intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) (a) In our opinion, the management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year and no material discrepancies between physical inventory and book records were noticed on physical verification.
 - (b) The company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iii) The Company has not made any investment in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to firms, Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs). The Company has granted interest free loan or advances in the nature of loans, unsecured to company and employee during the year as below:

(a) The Company has provided loans to subsidiaries companies during the year. The details of the same are given below:

				(thrianne)
Particulars	Guarantees	Security	Loans	Advances in nature of loans
Aggregate amount during the year				
-Subsidiaries		-	0.13	-
-Others	-	-		
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date				
-Subsidiaries		-	2,333.32	-
-Others (Fellow subsidiary)	_		590.00	

- (b) The Company has not made any investment, provided guarantees or given any security during the year. However, the Company has granted loans to subsidiary company at nil interest rate which is lower than the market rate of interest. In respect of such loans, we have not been provided with adequate explanation of the benefits, if any, accruing to the Company for giving such loans, we are unable to comment as to whether the terms and conditions of grant of such loans, prima facie, prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- (c) The Company has granted loans that are repayable on demand. For loans outstanding at the year end, we are informed that the Company has not demanded repayment of any such loan during the year, in our opinion, repayment of the principal amount is regular.
- (d) There is no overdue amount in respect of loans granted to such employees and company.
- (e) No loans or advances in the nature of loans granted by the Company which have fallen due during the year, have been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the over dues of existing loans given to the same parties.
- (f) The Company has granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, which are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, except the following instances:

Name of Borrower	Relation	or advances in	Amount of Loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding (Rs. in lakhs)
Nilgiri Infrastructure Development Limited	Subsidiary	Unsecured	2,333.32



Diana	Infrastructure	Fellow subsidiary	Unsecured	590.00
Limited				

- (iv) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security, as applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits and there are no amounts which have been considered as deemed deposit within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company in respect of products where maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act and the rules framed there under and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) (a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Gross Amount (₹ Lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	178.94	AY -2011-12	CIT(Appeal)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	35.53	AY -2018-19	CIT(Appeal)
Central Excise & Service Tax	Service Tax	197.00	Financial Year 2011-12 to February 2016	CESTAT
The Central Goods & Service Tax Act, 2017	Credit in Trans -1	86.83	June- 2017	Assistant Commissioner



VAT	Input Credit	64.00	Trans-1 as at	Joint
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			30.06.2017	Commissioner
				of State Taxes,
				(Appeal)

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been recorded in the books of accounts.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including confirmations received from banks and other lenders and written representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, money raised by way of term loans were applied for the purposes for which these were obtained.
 - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, funds raised by the Company on short term basis have not been utilised for long term purposes.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- (x) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, monies raised by way of non-convertible debentures were applied for the purposes for which these were obtained, though idle/surplus funds which were not required for immediate utilisation have been invested in readily realisable liquid investments. The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the



Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
 - (b) No report under section 143(12) of the Act has been filed with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the written representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable. Further, the details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements, as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system as required under section 138 of the Act which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered the reports issued by the Internal Auditors of the Company till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and accordingly, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi) (a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

The Company is not a Core Investment Company and there are no Core Investment Companies in the Group. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi) (c) and (d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year 2021-22 but cash losses of Rs. 113.01 Lakhs incurred during immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) (a) Since there are no other than ongoing projects, accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) In respect of ongoing projects, there are no unspent amounts that are required to be transferred to a special account in compliance with provision of sub-section (6) of Section 135 of the Act. This matter has been disclosed in note 29(ii) to the standalone financial statements.

For Agarwal Prakash & Co.

Chartered Accountants

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Vikas Agrawal

Partner

Membership No.: 097848

UDIN: 22097848AKYMLN4811

FRN 005975N New Delhi

Place: Gurugram Date: 27 May 2022

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

[Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Lucina Land Development Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Lucina Land Development Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;(2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For Agarwal Prakash & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Num

Vikas Aggrawal

Partner

Membership No.: 097848

UDIN: 22097848AKYMLN4811

005975N New Delhi

Place: Gurugram Date: 27 May 2022

ucina Land Development Limited	
alance sheet as at (Standalone)	
•	
ASSETS	
Non-current assets	
Property, plant and equipment	
Intangible assets	
Financial assets	
Investments	
Other financial assets	
Deferred tax assets, net	
Non-current tax assets, net	
Other non current assets	
Current assets	
Inventories	
Financial assets	
Investments	
Trade receivables	
Cash and cash equivalents	

investments	7 A	25.20	·
Other financial assets	8 A		25.2
Deferred tax assets, net	9	8.93	0.503
Non-current tax assets, net	10	5,236.38	9,014.00
Other non current assets	10 11 A	783.60	671.20
	11 A	10.02	17.88
		6,402.98	10,201.34
Current assets			
Inventories	40		
Financial assets	12	87,324.95	84,027.51
Investments			
Trade receivables	· 7B	5,755.19	- · · · ·
Cash and cash equivalents	13	2,529.61	746.42
Other bank balances	<u>.</u> 14	278.81	348.46
Loans	15	49.29	208.90
Other financial assets	16'	2,923.32	2,923.19
Other current assets Other current assets	8 B	37.36	28.98
Other Current assets	11 B	1,195.33	9,972.61
Total of Assets		1,00,093.86	98,256.07
Total of Assets		1,06,496.84	1,08,457.41
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			1,00,437.41
Equity			
- ·			
Equity share capital	17A	5.00	5.00
Instruments entirely equity in nature	17B	2,764.50	5.00
Other equity	18		2,764.50
		(1,13,710.54)	(1,18,430.35)
Liabilities		(1,10,941.04)	(1,15,660.85)
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	19 A		
Provisions		23,446.02	15,446.26
	20 A	356.79	338.93
		23,802.81	15,785.19
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			•
Borrowings	19 B		
Trade payables	21	1,18,561.19	1,30,579.18
-total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	21		
-total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterp	•	50.58	964.20
enterp	nses		
Other financial liabilities		4,319.87	2,898.87
Other current liabilities	22	600.83	494.10
Provisions	23	69,824.58	73,116.48
	20 B	278.02	280.24
Total of Equity & Liabilities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,93,635.07	2,08,333.07
	:	1,06,496.84	1,08,457.41
	•		2,00,737,41

Note

6 A

6 B

31 March 2022

(in lakhs)

338.85

31 March 2021

(Lin lakhs)

472.56

For Agarwal Prakash & Co.

Summary of significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

FRN 005975N New Delhi

This is the balance sheet referred to in our report of even date.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Num

Vikas Aggarwal Partner

Place: Gurugram Date: 27 May 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sanjay Director [DIN:07476296]

5

Yash Garg Company Sec Sunita Pawan Verma Director

[DIN:07133406]

Lucina Land Development Limited Statement of profit and loss for the year ended	fandadore) Note	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
•		(₹ in lakhs)	(₹ in lakhs)
Revenue	•	21,951.47	7,588.77
Revenue from operations	24	78.59	49.93
Other income	25	22,030.06	7,638.70
Total Revenue		22,030.00	
and the second s			· · ·
Expenses	•		
Cost of revenue	26	13,387.39	9,050.12
Cost incurred during the year		(3,297.44)	(4,234.72)
(Increase)/decrease in real estate properties	·	1,869.71	1,408.56
Employee benefits expense	27	0.53	0.14
Finance costs	28	54.64	71.58
Depreciation and amortisation expense	6 A & B	1,523.72	1,527.61
Other expenses	29	13,538.55	7,823.29
Total Expenses		13,336.33	
		8,491.51	(184.5)
Profit/(loss) before tax		0,491.31	(20 110
Tax expense	30		
Current tax (including earlier years)		3,776.13	(4.61)
Deferred tax charge/(credit)		4,715.38	(179.98)
Profit/(loss) after tax		4,713.36	(2,7,10)
Other comprehensive income		•	•
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	•		
Re-measurement gain/(loss) on defined benefit pla	ıns	5.93	(35.94)
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified	to profit or loss	(1.49)	9.05
Total other comprehensive income net of tax	•	4.44_	(26.89)
2010.			
Total comprehensive income for the year		4,719.82	(206.87)
Total compressions and most of the year			
Earnings per equity share	31		
Equity share of par value ₹ 10/-each			
Basic (₹)		9,430.75	(359.96)
Diluted (₹)		9,430.75	(359.96)
2.m. (·)			

Summary of significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even date

005975N New Delhi

PED ACCO

For Agarwal Prakash & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number:

Vikas Aggarwal Partner

Place: Gurugram Date: 27 May 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sanjay Director

[DIN:07476296]

Company Secretary

Sunita Pawan Verma

Director

[DIN:07133406]