

#### CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

508, Indra Prakash, 21, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi - 110001 Phone: 011-43516377 E-mail: contact@apnco.org

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Tapir Constructions Limited

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

## Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Tapir Constructions Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2023, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2023, its loss and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ('SA's) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.



Assessing the carrying value of inventory

The accounting policies for Inventories are set out in Note 5.6 to the financial statements.

Inventories of the company comprise of real estate properties (including land) are disclosed under Note 10.

Impairment assessment of inventory is considered as a significant risk as there is a risk that recoverability of the carrying value of the inventory could not be established, and potential impairment charge might be required to be recorded in the consolidated financial statements. Management's assessment of the recoverable amounts is a judgmental process which requires the estimation of the net realisable value, which takes into account the valuations of the properties held and cash flow projections of real estate properties under development.

Due to their materiality in the context of the financial statements as a whole and significant degree of judgement and subjectivity involved in the estimates and key assumptions used in determining the cash flows used in the impairment evaluation, this is considered to be the area which had the greatest effect on our overall audit strategy and allocation of resources in planning and completing our audit.

Our procedures in relation to the valuation of inventory held by the Company included, but not limited to the followings:

- Obtained an understanding of the management process for identification of possible impairment indicators and process performed by the management for impairment testing and the management process of determining the Net Realisable Value (NRV);
- Enquired of the management and inspected the internal controls related to inventory valuation along with the process followed to recover/adjust these and assessed whether impairment is required;
- All material properties under development as at 31 March 2023 were discussed on case to case basis with the management for their plan of recovery/adjustment;
- For real estate properties under development, obtained and assessed the management evaluation of the NRV. We also assessed the management's valuation methodology applied in determining the recoverable amount and tested the underlying assumptions used by the management in arriving at those projections;
- We challenged the management on the underlying assumptions used for the cash flow projections, considering evidence available to support these assumptions and our understanding of the business;
- Where the management involved specialists to perform valuations, evaluated the objectivity and independence of those specialists;
- For land parcels, obtained and verified the valuation of land parcels as per the government prescribed circle rates, wherever necessary;
- Tested the arithmetical accuracy of the cash flow projections; and
- We assessed the appropriateness and adequacy of the disclosures made by the management for the impairment losses recognized in accordance with applicable accounting standards.



Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. Other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. Reporting under this section is not applicable as no other information is obtained at the date of this auditor's report.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:



- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the 'Annexure A', a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.



- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in 'Annexure B'. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statement as at 31 March 2023- Refer note-43 to the financial statements
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2023.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2023.
  - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
  - v. The Company has not declared and paid dividend during the year.
  - vi. As proviso to rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable for the Company only with effect from 1 April 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable.



(h) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company did not pay any remuneration to its directors during the year.

For Agarwal Prakash & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 005975N

FRN 005975N New Delhi

Vikas Aggarwal

Partner

Membership No. 097848

UDIN: 23097848BGUTZF8211

Place: Gurugram Date: 30 May 2023

## Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

With reference to the Annexure A referred to in the Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023, based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting a true and fair view on the financial statements of the Company and taking into consideration the information and explanations given to us and the books of account and other records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (i) (a)(A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
  - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets during the year.
  - (b) The property, plant and equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification of the property, plant and equipment is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
  - (c) The Company does not have any immovable property. Accordingly, clause 3 (i)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right- of-use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
  - (e) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, the management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year and no material discrepancies between physical inventory and book records were noticed on physical verification.
  - (b) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, the company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iii) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, during the year, the company has not made any investments in or has not provided any guarantee or security or has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, clause 3 (iii) (a) to (f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iv) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the loans and investments made, and guarantees and security provided by it, as applicable.
- (v) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, the Company has not accepted deposits or deemed deposits to which the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to



- 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under, are applicable. Accordingly, reporting under para 3(v) is not applicable.
- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and as explained to us, the Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products / services. Accordingly, clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) Undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, goods and services tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited to the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the dues outstanding of Income tax, Sales tax, Service tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added tax, Cess on account of any dispute, are as follows:

Name of the	Nature of	Gross	Period to which	Forum where dispute
statute	dues	Amount	the amount relates	is pending
		(₹		
Sale-in-Province	ANTENNA DE CONTRA DE	Millions)		
Maharashtra	Interest	0.10	01 April 2017-	Deputy
Value Added	TAXABLE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER		30 June 2017	Commissioner
Act, 2002	TANDON BOOK BOOK			(Mumbai)
The Central	Reversal of	3.60	Balances as at	Dy. Com, Div-III,
Goods &	credit		30.06.2017 in	CGST & CE.,
Service tax Act,	claimed in		Trans-1	Mumbai
2017	Trans-1			
The Central	Verification	0.10	July-17 to March-	State Tax officer
Goods &	of Trans-1		18	(Sachin Prahlad
Service tax Act,	credit			Manore)
2017				

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no transactions in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961(43 of 1961), that has not been recorded in the books of account.
- (ix) (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings and interest thereon payable to any banks and other lenders. The Company does not have any borrowings from financial institutions or government.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, the Company has not obtained any term loans. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.



- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) (a) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, the Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, during the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
  - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act 2013.
  - (b) The Company did not have an internal audit system for the period under audit. Accordingly, clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable.



- (xv) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, during the year, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable
  - (b) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, the Group does not have any CIC. Accordingly, the requirements of clause 3(xvi)(d) are not applicable.
- (xvii) The company has incurred cash losses of ₹ 61.90 Millions in the current financial year 2022-23 and cash losses of ₹ 21.71 Millions during immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) The Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 with regards to Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable to the company. Accordingly, clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.

For Agarwal Prakash & Co.

TRAKS

005975N New Delhi

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.

Vikas Aggarwal \\
Partner

Membership No. 097848DACCOU UDIN: 23097848BGUTZF8211

Place: Gurugram Date: 30 May 2023 With reference to the Annexure B referred to in the Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 of even date.

Independent Auditor's report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Tapir Constructions Limited ('the Company') as of 31 March 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and both, issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial control system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.



## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

## Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at 31 March 2023, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For Agarwal Prakash & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.

Vikas Aggarwal

Partner

Membership No. 097848

UDIN: 23097848BGUTZF8211

-805975N New Delhi

Place: Gurugram Date: 30 May 2023

Balance Sheet as at	Note	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	INOTE	31 Waith 2023	31 March 2022
L ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	6A	1.90	1.70
(b) Other intangible assets	6B	0.10	1.70
(c) Financial assets	0.5	0.10	**
Other financial assets	7A	0.20	
(d) Non-current tax assets, net	8		47.00
(e) Other non current assets	9A	26.20	15.90
(c) Other non-entrent assets	924	28.40	0.60
		28.40	18.20
Current assets			
(a) Inventories	40	110/10	2 1997 ( 0.0
**	10	4,124.10	3,474.00
(b) Financial Assets			
Investments	11	213.40	
Cash and cash equivalents	12	180.70	126.40
Other bank balances	13	3.10	2.50
Other financial assets	7B	0.50	0.50
(c) Other current assets	9B	12.60	151.70
		4,534.40	3,755.10
Total of Assets		4,562.80	3,773.30
T. YAA XARRIIN AAAAA A EA WAXA XIMBAA			
I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	14	0.50	0.50
(b) Other equity		(2,045.50)	(1,990.40)
		(2,045.00)	(1,989.90)
W 1 W 200 1			
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	15A	452.30	-
(b) Provisions	16A	6.70	0.00
		459.00	0.00
A			
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	15B	2,952.50	3,574.70
Trade payables	17		
-total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterpris		3.60	13.70
-total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprise	s and small enterprises	56.50	119.10
0.4 0.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1			
Other financial liabilities	18	15.50	12.90
(b) Other current liabilities	19	3,120.60	2,042.80
(c) Provisions	16B	0.10	***************************************
		6,148.80	5,763.20
Total of Equity and Liabilities		4,562.80	3,773.30
			THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT
Summary of significant accounting policies	5		

This is the balance sheet referred to in our report of even date.

FRN 006975N New Delhi

For Agarwal Prakash & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number 1

Vikas Aggarwal

Place: Gurugram Date: 30 May 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sameer Khanna Whole-time director [DIN: 10162281]

Amit Roshan Bhagat Director [DIN: 10163776]

			All amou	ınt in ₹ millions, ur	unless otherwise stated	
Statement of profit and loss for the		diconstance.		Year ended 31 March	_	
	Note	**************************************	2023	***************************************	2022	
Revenue						
Revenue from operations	20		1.20		1.00	
Other income	21		20.60		1.20	
Total of Revenue		S-350-00	21.80		2.20	
Expenses						
Cost of revenue	22					
Cost incurred during the year		650.00		409.60		
(Increase)/Decrease in real estate properties		(650.00)	-	(409.60)	ve.	
Employee benefits expense	23		52.70		0.50	
Finance costs	24		0.00		209.40	
Depreciation and amortisation expense	6		0.40		0.50	
Other expenses	25		23.80		9.40	
Total of Expenses		A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	76.90		219.80	
Profit/ (loss) before tax			(55.10)		(217.60)	
Tax expense	26		` ′		` '	
Current tax (including earlier years)			-		*	
Deferred tax charge/(credit)			16.			
Profit/(loss) after tax		Single-Basel Bloom Basel standard Basel Ba	(55.10)		(217.60)	
Other comprehensive income						
A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			_			
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclass	sified to profit or los	s	=		*	
B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			w		w	
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassifie	d to profit or loss		**		~	
Total other comprehensive income net of tax	*	and a second sec	N*		**	
Total comprehensive income for the year		handa Variante	(55.10)		(217.60)	
Earnings per equity share	27					
Basic (₹)			(1,102.57)		(4,352.66)	
Diluted (₹)			(1,102.57)		(4,352.66)	

Summary of significant accounting policies 5
The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even date

PBAY 005975N

New Delhi

For Agarwal Prakash & Co.

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number 0837550

Vikas Aggarwal Partner Sameer Khanna

Whole-time director [DIN: 10162281]

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Varika Jain Company Secretary Amit Roshan Bhagat

Director [DIN: 10163776]

Place: Gurugram Date: 30 May 2023

		All amount in ₹ millions, unless otherwise stated			
Statement of Cash Flows for the	Year ended 31				
	2023	2022			
A. Cash flow from operating activities:					
(Loss) before income tax for the year	(55.10)	(217.60			
Adjustments for:	, ,				
- Interest expenses	_	209.20			
- Interest expenses on taxations	-	0.20			
- Interest income on fixed deposits	(8.50)	(0.10			
- Depreciation and amortisation expense	0.40	0.50			
- Income on fair valuation of financial assets	(7.30)	-			
- Provision for gratuity and compensated absences	6.90	(0.20			
- Profit on sale of investments in mutual funds (net)	(3.90)	(0.00			
- Balances Written Back	(0.20)	(1.10			
Operating (loss) before working capital changes and other adjustments	(67,70)	(9.20			
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(01,10)	(2.20			
Inventories	(469.70)	(413.20			
Trade Payables	(72.70)	105.10			
Other financial assets	(0.20)	103.10			
Other non-current assets	0.60	(0.60			
Other current assets	139.10	7.40			
Other financial liabilities, other liabilities	1.032.90	1.137.70			
Cash generated from / (used in) operating activities	562.30	827.10			
Income tax (paid) / refund received, net					
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities	(10.40)	(10.90			
iver cash generated from 7 (used in) operating activities	551.90	816.20			
B. Cash flow from investing activities:					
Purchase of property, plant & equipment	(0.50)	(0.40			
Purchase of Other intangible assets	(0.10)				
Investment in Mutual Fund	(206.20)	-			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment.	3.90				
Interest received on fixed deposits	7.90	0.10			
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	(195.00)	(0,30)			
C. Cash flow from financing activities: (Refer Note: 46)					
Proceeds from inter-corporate borrowings		7 (00 10			
Repayment of inter-corporate borrowings	(5.400.00)	7,699.30			
Proceeds from issue of non convertible debentures	(1,122.20)	(8,182.50)			
Redemption of non convertible debentures	1,500.00	•			
Other Borrowing Costs	(500.00)	-			
-	(91.20)	-			
Interest paid on loan and advances from others	(89.20)	(209.20)			
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	(302.60)	(692,40)			
D. Increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents, net (A+B+C)	54.30	123,50			
E. Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	126.40	2.90			
F. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (D+E)	180.70	126.40			
G. Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per cash flow statement					
Cash and cash equivalents includes					
Cash on hand (Rofer note 12)					
Balances with scheduled banks	*	*			
Dalances with scheduled banks - In current accounts					
	19.70	126.40			
<ul> <li>Bank deposits with original maturity upto three months</li> </ul>	161.00				
	180.70	126.40			

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the statement of cash flows referred to in our report of even date.

For Agarwal Prakash & Co. Chartered Accountages Firm's Registration Number 0

Vikas Aggel Partner PRAKASH PRA

SPED ACCO

Place: Gurugram Date: 30 May 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sauréer Khanna Whole-time director [DIN: 101622813

Vartika Jain Company Secretary Amit Roshan Bhagat Director [DIN: 10163776]

Statement of Changes in Equity as at 31 March 2023

All amount in ₹ millions, unless otherwise stated (A) Equity share capital\* Opening balance Issue of equity Issue of equity share Balance as at Balance as at as at 01 April 2021 share capital during Particulars 31 March 2022 capital during the year 31 March 2023 the year 0.50 0.50 Equity share capital

(B)	Other	eq	uity
, ,	-	-	tonour line

Reserves and surplus	Other Comprehensive	Total	
Retained earnings			
(1,772.70)	~	(1,772.70)	
(217.60)	-	(217.60)	
-	**	-	
(1,990.40)	~	(1,990.40)	
(55.10)		(55.10)	
-	-	-	
(2,045.50)	•	(2,045.50)	
	Retained earnings (1,772.70) (217.60) - (1,990.40) (55.10)	Retained earnings (1,772.70) - (217.60) - (1,990.40) - (55.10) - (2045.70)	

<sup>\*</sup>Refer Note - 14 for details

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

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005975N

New Delhi

ED ACCO

This is the statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date.

For Agarwal Prakash & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Num

Partner

Place: Gurugram Date: 30 May 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Whole-time director [DIN: 10162281]

. Amit Roshan Bhagat

Director [DIN: 10163776]

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

## 1. Nature of principal activities

Tapir Constructions Limited ("the Company") was incorporated on 02 April 2014 and is engaged in the business of real estate and other related and ancillary activities. The Company has shifted its registered office from M-62 and 63, First Floor, Connaught Place, New Delhi – 110001 to Office no 202, 2nd Floor, A-18, Rama House, Middle Circle, Connaught Place, New Delhi-110001 in the same jurisdiction under Registrar of Companies New Delhi.

# 2. General information and statement of compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 ('the Act') - read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 (by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA')), as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The Company has uniformly applied the accounting policies during the periods presented except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 were authorized and approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 May 2023. The revisions to the financial statements are permitted by the Board of Directors after obtaining necessary approvals or at the instance of regulatory authorities as per provisions of the Act.

# 3. Recent accounting pronouncements:

Recent accounting pronouncements Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time.

On 31 March 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

# Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements

This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after 01 April 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the financial statements.

# Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after 01 April 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its financial statements.

### Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes

This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after 01 April 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its financial statement.

## 4. Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India. Further, the financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities and share based payments which are measure at fair values as explained in relevant accounting policies. Fair valuations related to financial assets and financial liabilities are categorised into level 1, level 2 and level 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

# 5. Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared using the significant accounting policies and measurement bases summarised below. These were used throughout all periods presented in the financial statements.

## 5.1 Current versus non-current classification

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in Companies Act 2013. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and non-current liabilities, as the case may be.

## 5.2 Property, plant and equipment (PPE)

#### Recognition and initial measurement

Properties plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

### Subsequent measurement (depreciation and useful lives)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on the straight-line method, computed on the basis of useful lives (as set out below) prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Asset class	Useful life
Building - temporary structure	1 year
Plant and machinery	12 years
Office equipment	5 years
Computers	3 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Vehicles	8 years

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of are reviewed at the end of each financial year.

#### De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is de-recognised.

## 5.3 Financial instruments

## Financial assets

Recognition and initial measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset is also adjusted.

Subsequent measurement

i. **Debt instruments at amortised cost** – A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

#### De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

#### Financial liabilities

#### Recognition and initial measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities is also adjusted.

## Subsequent measurement - Amortised cost

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Initial and subsequent recognition and measurement - fair value

A financial liability is classified as fair value through profit and loss ('FVTPL') if it is designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gain/losses, including any interest expense are recognised in statement of profit and loss.

#### De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## Compound financial instrument

Optionally convertible debentures are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of the contract. On issuance of the said instrument, the liability component is arrived by discounting the gross sum at a market rate for an equivalent non-convertible instrument. This amount is classified as a financial liability measured at amortised cost until it is extinguished on conversion or redemption. The remainder of the proceeds is recognised as equity component of compound financial instrument. This is recognised and included in shareholders' equity, net of income tax effects, and not subsequently re-measured. Such instruments are classified as current financial liability if the conversion option vests with the holder.

### Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

## 5.4 Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets. The Company factors historical trends and forward looking information to assess expected credit losses associated with its assets and impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

#### Trade receivables

In respect of trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

### Other financial assets

In respect of its other financial assets, the Company assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses. The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the balance sheet date.

### 5.5 Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, based on internal or external factors. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset or the cash generating unit is estimated. If such recoverable amount of the asset or cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. If, at the reporting date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount. Impairment losses previously recognised are accordingly reversed in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 5.6 Inventories

Land other than that transferred to real estate projects under development is valued at lower of cost or net realizable value.

Real estate project under development includes cost of land under development, internal and external development costs, construction costs, and development/construction materials, borrowing costs and related overhead costs and is valued at lower of cost or net realizable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs of necessary to make the sale.

## 5.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 5.8 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when control is transferred and is accounted net of rebate and taxes. The Company applies the revenue recognition criteria to each nature of the revenue transaction as set out below.

Revenue from sale of properties and developed plots

Revenue from sale of properties is recognized when the performance obligations are essentially complete and credit risks have been significantly eliminated. The performance obligations are considered to be complete when control over the property has been transferred to the buyer i.e. offer for possession (possession request letter) of properties have been issued to the customers and substantial sales consideration is received from the customers.



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

The Company considers the terms of the contract and its customary business practices to determine the transaction price. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring property to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (for example, indirect taxes). The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include fixed consideration, variable consideration (if reversal is less likely in future), or both.

For each performance obligation identified, the Company determines at contract inception whether it satisfies the performance obligation over time or satisfies the performance obligation at a point in time. If an entity does not satisfy a performance obligation over time, the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time. A receivable is recognised by the Company when the properties are handed over as this is the case of point in time recognition where consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required.

When either party to a contract has performed, an entity shall present the contract in the balance sheet as a contract asset or a contract liability, depending on the relationship between the entity's performance and the customer's payment.

The costs estimates are reviewed periodically and effect of any change in such estimate is recognized in the period such changes are determined. However, when the total project cost is estimated to exceed total revenues from the project, the loss is recognized immediately.

Revenue from sale of land

Revenue from sale of land and plots is recognised in the year in which the underlying sale deed is executed and there exists no uncertainty in the ultimate collection of consideration from buyer.

Service revenue

Income from real estate advisory services is recognized on accrual basis when services are completed, except in cases where ultimate collection is considered doubtful.

Interest income

Interest income is recorded on accrual basis using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Interest on delayed receipts, cancellation/forfeiture income and transfer fees from customers are recognized on accrual basis except in cases where ultimate collection is considered doubtful. Gain on amortised cost financial assets

Gain on de-recognition of amortised cost financial assets is recognised in the year when the entire payment is received against the outstanding balance of amortised cost financial assets.

## 5.9 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

## 5.10 Foreign currency

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee ('INR' or '₹') which is also the functional and presentation currency of the Company.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the functional currency, by applying to the exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

Foreign currency monetary items are converted to functional currency using the closing rate. Non-monetary items denominated in a foreign currency which are carried at historical cost are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences arising on monetary items on settlement, or restatement as at reporting date, at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded, are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they arise.

## 5.11 Income taxes

Tax expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax except the ones recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in equity.

Current tax is determined as the tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year and is computed in accordance with relevant tax regulations. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in Other Comprehensive Income or in equity).

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and corresponding amount used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax assets on unrealised tax loss are recognised to the extent that it is probable that the underlying tax loss will be utilised against future taxable income. This is assessed based on the Company's forecast of future operating results, adjusted for significant non-taxable income and expenses and specific limits on the use of any unused tax loss. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside Statement of Profit and Loss is recognised outside Statement of Profit or Loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity).

### 5.12 Employee benefits

### Defined contribution plan

The Company's contribution to provident fund is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss or inventorized as a part of real estate project under development, as the case may be. The Company's contributions towards provident fund are deposited with the regional provident fund commissioner under a defined contribution plan.

## Defined benefit plan

The Company has unfunded gratuity as defined benefit plan where the amount that an employee will receive on retirement is defined by reference to the employee's length of service and final salary. The liability recognised in the balance sheet for defined benefit plans as the present value of the defined benefit obligation (DBO) at the reporting date. Management estimates the DBO annually with the assistance of independent actuaries. Actuarial gains/losses resulting from re-measurements of the liability are included in other comprehensive income.

## Other long-term employee benefits

The Company also provides benefit of compensated absences to its employees which are in the nature of long-term employee benefit plan. Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due and expected to be availed more than one year after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of an actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method as on the reporting date. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recorded in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which such gains or losses arise.



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits comprise of employee costs such as salaries, bonus etc. is recognised on the basis of the amount paid or payable for the period during which services are rendered by the employee.

## 5.13 Share based payments

Share based compensation benefits are provided to employees via Indiabulls Real Estate Limited ('Holding Company') Employee Stock Option Plans (ESOPs). The employee benefits expense is measured using the fair value of the employee stock options and is recognised over vesting period with a corresponding increase in equity. The vesting period is the period over which all the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. On the exercise of the employee stock options, the employees of the Company will be allotted Holding Company's equity shares.

## 5.14 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events, and when a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

Contingent liability is disclosed for:

- Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or
- Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed. However, when realization of income is virtually certain, related asset is recognised.

## 5.15 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events including a bonus issue.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

## 5.16 Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the related disclosures.

Significant management judgements

Recognition of deferred tax assets – The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the Company's future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

**Impairment of non-financial assets** – The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

Impairment of financial assets – At each balance sheet date, based on historical default rates observed over expected life, the management assesses the expected credit losses on outstanding receivables and advances.

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

Provisions – At each balance sheet date basis the management judgment, changes in facts and legal aspects, the Company assesses the requirement of provisions against the outstanding contingent liabilities. However, the actual future outcome may be different from this judgement.

Significant estimates

Revenue and inventories – Ind AS 115 establishes a five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers and requires that revenue be recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. This requires forecasts to be made of total budgeted cost with the outcomes of underlying construction and service contracts, which further require assessments and judgements to be made on changes in work scopes, claims (compensation, rebates etc.) and other payments to the extent they are probable and they are capable of being reliably measured. For the purpose of making estimates for claims, the Company used the available contractual and historical information. Ind AS 115 requires entities to exercise judgement, taking into consideration all of the relevant facts and circumstances when applying each step of the model to contracts with their customers. The standard also specifies the accounting for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract and the costs directly related to fulfilling a contract.

Useful lives of depreciable/amortisable assets – Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable/amortisable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence that may change the utilisation of assets.

Fair value measurements – Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available) and non-financial assets. This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. Management uses the best information available. Estimated fair values may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

**Defined benefit obligation (DBO)** – Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

All amount in 🐔 millions, unless otherwise stated

Note - 6A

Property, plant and equipment

	Office equipment	Computers	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Building	Plant & Machinery	Total
Gross carrying amount			er. Historia de la companie de la co	DEREN SARECT VIEW MENTERS OF THE PERSON OF	-CHECKER MINES OF BRANCH CONTRACTOR	DATACO POR CONTRACTOR DE LA CONTRACTOR DE CONTRACTOR DE CONTRACTOR DE CONTRACTOR DE CONTRACTOR DE CONTRACTOR D	SANCE OF A STREET OF STREET
At 01 April 2021	0.70	0.20	1.20		0.80	0.90	3.80
Additions	ijan	-	-	-		0.40	0.40
Disposals/assets written off	-	-	-	~	-	**	-
Balance as of 31 March 2022	0.70	0.20	1.20		0.80	1,30	4.20
Additions	-	0.50	-	-	*	ver	0.50
Disposals/assets written off	0.20	0.20	=		0.80	_	1.20
Balance as of 31 March 2023	0.50	0.50	1.20			1.30	3.50
Accumulated depreciation							
At 01 April 2021	0.40	0.20	0.50		0.60	0.10	1.80
Charge for the year	0.10		0.10	149	0.20	0.10	0.50
Adjustments for disposals	160	_	***	~	_	-	**
Balance as of 31 March 2022	0.50	0.20	0.60		0.80	0.20	2.30
Charge for the year	0.10	0.10	0.10	PERMITTER STATE OF THE STATE OF	OB CONDISSON ON THE MANAGEMENT OF THE CON-	0.10	0.40
Adjustments for disposals	0.20	0.20	-	140	0.80		1.20
Balance as of 31 March 2023	0.40	0.10	0.70	en e	<ul> <li>Schoolscheiden Ausscheiden Gescheiden Gesc</li></ul>	0.30	1.50
Net carrying value as of 31 March 2022	0.20	Mindlesh Kulanu Markovia su Antheadainn SAAdan (Stanisha) an An	0.60	m destinance de destinance de la constante de	**************************************	1.10	1.90
Net carrying value as of 31 March 2023	0.10	0.40	0.50	NAMES OF THE PARTY	CONTRACTOR	1.00	2,00

- (i) There is no restriction on title of the property, plant and equipment. None of the property, plant and equipment has been pledged as security.
- (ii) There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

Note - 6B Intangible assets

Details of the Company's property, plant and equipment and reconciliation of their carrying amounts from beginning to end of reporting period is as follows:

	Software	Total
Gross carrying amount	TERM OF THE CONTROL OF A SECURITION OF THE PROPERTY AND A LEGISLATION OF THE CONTROL OF T	William Company of the Company of th
At 01 April 2021		~
Additions	-	-
Disposals/assets written off	ra.	
Balance as of 31 March 2022		
Additions	0.10	0.10
Disposals/assets written off	*	-
Balance as of 31 March 2023	0.10	0.10
		hintorio de 1949 e o tatalo su colabera (m.) espaso permera socialistam escany
Accumulated depreciation		
At 01 April 2021	and the state of t	~
Charge for the year	and the state of t	~
Adjustments for disposals	W.	-
Balance as of 31 March 2022		*
Charge for the year	0.00	0.00
Adjustments for disposals	-	-
Balance as of 31 March 2023	0.00	0.00
Net carrying value as of 31 March 2022	нительного менения при	OUCH TRANSPORTER TO THE TRANSPORT OF THE
Net carrying value as of 31 March 2023	0.10	0.10



	All amount in 🔻 millions, i	
	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
ote - 7A		
Other financial assets - non-current	0.20	-
other deposits*	0.20	19.
BSE Limited Debt Securities Recovery Expense Fund		
fote - 7B		
Other financial assets - current		n to
ecurity deposit	0.50 0.50	0.50 0.50
jate - 8		
Ion-current tax assets, net	26.20	15.9
dvance income tax, including tax deducted at source	26.20	15.90
7 04		
lote - 9A Other non-current assets		0.6
repaid expenses		0.6
Note - 9B		Make and control of the control of t
Other current assets Unsecured, Considered Good)		
dobilization advances	8.10	-
idvance to material / service providers	3.30	
repaid expenses	0.60	1.1
islances with statutory authorities	0.10	0.1
Others	0.50	0.5
Advance for land - others	- NA - American production and contract and contract and comments of the contract of the contr	150.0
	12,60	151.3
Vote - 10		
nventories		
Real estate properties - under development, at cost	2,503.20	2,342."
and	1,601.30	1,118.
Cost of materials, construction cost and other overheads	19.60	13.
Construction materials in stock	4,124.10	3,474.0
During the year ended 31 March 2023, the company has inventoried borrowing cost of ₹ 89.0	50 millions (Previous year Nil).	
Note - 11		
Investments - current		
	202.00	ii.
Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lfdd)	202.00	~
Investment in mutual funds (quoted) Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lidd) [36,689.495 (previous year. Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year. Nil) per unit]		
Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lfdd) [36,689.495 (previous year. Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year: Nil) per unit] Trust MF Overnight Fund (OF-DG)*	202.00 11.40	
Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lifdd) [36,689.495 (previous year. Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year: Nil) per unit] Trust MF Overnight Fund (OF-DG)*		
Munual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lfdd) 36,689.495 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year: Nil) per unit] Trast MF Overnight Fund (OF-DG)* [10,702.00 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 1061.6563 (previous year: Nil) per unit]	11.40 213.40	or lien marked.
Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lfdd) [36,689,495 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year: Nil) per unit] Trust MF Overnight Fund (OF-DO)* [10,702.00 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 1061.6563 (previous year: Nil) per unit]	11.40 213.40	or lien marked.
Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lfdd) [36,689.495 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year: Nil) per unit] Trust MF Overnight Fund (OF-DG)* [10,702.00 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 1061.6563 (previous year: Nil) per unit]  "Of the above Investment in mutual fund, investment worth ₹ 11.40 millions (10,702 Units), Note - 12 Cash and cash equivalents	11.40 213.40	or lien marked.
Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lfdd) [56,689.495 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year: Nil) per unit] [Tost MF Overnight Fund (OF-DG)* [10,702.00 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 1061.6563 (previous year: Nil) per unit]  *Of the above Investment in mutual fund, investment worth ₹ 11.40 millions (10,702 Units),  Note - 12 Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand	11.40 213.40	erronnesseedstand or lien marked.
Munual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lfdd) [36,689,495 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506,9354 (previous year: Nil) per unit] Trust MF Overnight Fund (OF-DG)* [10,702.00 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 1061,6563 (previous year: Nil) per unit] *Of the above Investment in mutual fund, investment worth ₹ 11.40 millions (10,702 Units), Note - 12 Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand Balances with banks	11.40  213.40  (31 March 2022 <sup>®</sup> Nil (Nil Units)) are pledged	-
Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund [.fdd] 36,689.495 (previous year: Ni) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year: Nii) per unit] Trust MF Overright Fund (OF-DG)* 10,702.00 (previous year: Nii) units, NAV: ₹ 1061.6563 (previous year: Nii) per unit] *Of the above Investment in mutual fund, investment worth ₹ 11.40 millions (10,702 Units), Note - 12 Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand Balances with banks In current accounts	11.40 213.40 (31 March 2022 ₹ Nil (Nil Units)) are pledged	
Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lfdd)  [36,689.495 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year: Nil) per unit]  Trust MF Overight Fund (OF-DG)*  [10,702.00 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 1061.6563 (previous year: Nil) per unit]  "Of the above Investment in mutual fund, investment worth ₹ 11.40 millions (10,702 Units),  Note - 12  Cash and cash equivalents  Cash on hand  Balances with banks  In current accounts	11.40  213.40  (31 March 2022 <sup>®</sup> Nil (Nil Units)) are pledged	126
Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lfdd) [36,689.495 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year: Nil) per unit] Trust MF Overnight Fund (OF-DG)* [10,702.00 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 1061.6563 (previous year: Nil) per unit] *Of the above Investment in mutual fund, investment worth ₹ 11.40 millions (10,702 Units), Note - 12 Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand Balances with banks In current accounts Bank deposits with original maturity up to three months	11.40 213.40 (31 March 2022 ₹ Nil (Nil Units)) are pledged - 19.70 161.00	126
Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lifdd) [36,689.495 (previous year: Ni) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year: Nii) per unit] Trust MF Overnight Fund (OF-DG)* [10,702.00 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 1061.6563 (previous year: Nil) per unit]  *Of the above Investment in mutual fund, investment worth ₹ 11.40 millions (10,702 Units),  Note - 12 Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand Balances with banks In current accounts Bank deposits with original maturity up to three months	11.40 213.40 (31 March 2022 ₹ Nil (Nil Units)) are pledged - 19.70 161.00	126
Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lfdd) [36,689.495 (previous year: Ni) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year: Nii) per unit] [Thust MF Overnight Fund (OF-DG)* [10,702.00 (previous year: Nii) units, NAV: ₹ 1061.6563 (previous year: Nii) per unit]  "Of the above Investment in mutual fund, investment worth ₹ 11.40 millions (10,702 Units),  Note - 12 Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand Balances with banks In current accounts Bank deposits with original maturity up to three months  Note - 13 Other bank balances	11.40 213.40 (31 March 2022 ₹ Nil (Nil Units)) are pledged - 19.70 161.00	126
Munual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lfdd) [36,689.495 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year: Nil) per unit] Trust MF Overnight Fund (OF-DG)* [10,702.00 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 1061.6563 (previous year: Nil) per unit] *Of the above Investment in mutual fund, investment worth ₹ 11.40 millions (10,702 Units), Note - 12 Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand Balances with banks In current accounts Bank deposits with original maturity up to three months  Note - 13 Other bank balances Bank deposits*	11.40 213.40 (31 March 2022 ₹ Nil (Nil Units)) are pledged - 19.70 161.00	126
Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lidd) [36,689.495 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year: Nil) per unit] [Trust MF Overhight Fund (OF-DG)* [10,702.00 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 1061.6563 (previous year: Nil) per unit]  "Of the above Investment in mutual fund, investment worth ₹ 11.40 millions (10,702 Units),  Note - 12  Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand Balances with banks In current accounts Bank deposits with original maturity up to three months  Note - 13  Other bank balances Bank deposits*  With maturity of more than three months and up to twelve months	11.40  213.40  (31 March 2022 <sup>®</sup> Nil (Nil Units)) are pledged  19.70  161.00  180.70	126 126 2.50
Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lfdd) [36,689.495 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year: Nil) per unit] [Thist MF Overnight Fund (OF-DG)* [10,702.00 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 1061.6563 (previous year: Nil) per unit]  *Of the above Investment in mutual fund, investment worth ₹ 11.40 millions (10,702 Units),  Note - 12 Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand Balances with banks In current accounts Bank deposits with original maturity up to three months  Note - 13 Other bank balances Bank deposits*	11.40 213.40 (31 March 2022 ₹ Nii (Nii Units)) are pledged 19.70 161.06 180.70	2.50 
Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lfdd) [36,689.495 (previous year. Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year. Nil) per unit] Trust MF Overnight Fund (OF-DC)* [10,702.00 (previous year. Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 1061.6563 (previous year. Nil) per unit]  *Of the above Investment in mutual fund, investment worth ₹ 11.40 millions (10,702 Units), Note - 12 Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand Balances with banks In current accounts Bank deposits with original maturity up to three months  Note - 13 Other bank balances Bank deposits* With maturity of more than three months and up to twelve months With maturity of more than twelve months	11.40  213.40  (31 March 2022 ₹ Nil (Nil Units)) are pledged  19.70  161.00  180.70  2.50  - 2.50	126. 126.
Mutual Fund Reliance Liquid Fund (Lidd) [36,689.495 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 5,506.9354 (previous year: Nil) per unit] [Trust MF Overhight Fund (OF-DG)* [10,702.00 (previous year: Nil) units, NAV: ₹ 1061.6563 (previous year: Nil) per unit]  "Of the above Investment in mutual fund, investment worth ₹ 11.40 millions (10,702 Units),  Note - 12  Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand Balances with banks In current accounts Bank deposits with original maturity up to three months  Note - 13  Other bank balances Bank deposits*  With maturity of more than three months and up to twelve months	11.40 213.40 (31 March 2022 ₹ Nii (Nii Units)) are pledged 19.70 161.06 180.70	2.50 

<sup>\*</sup> Fixed deposit (excluding accrued interest) with banks of ₹ 2.50 millions (31 March 2022; NiI) are pledged for the purpose of Bank Guarantee.



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

All amount in T millions, unless otherwise stated

		3.	As at March 2023	_3	As at March 2022
i	Note - 14 Equity share capital Authorised Equity share capital of face value of ₹ 10 each	Number 50,000	Amount 0.50	Number 50,000	Amount 0.50
		50,000	0.50	50,000	0.50
ii	Issued, subscribed and fully paid up Equity share capital of face value of ₹ 10 each fully paid up	50,000	0.50	50,000 50,000	0.50
iii	Reconciliation of number and amount of equity shares outstanding at the	e beginning and at the	end of the year		
	Equity shares Balance at the beginning of the year Add: Issued during the year	50,000	0.50	50,000	0.50
	Less: Redeemed during the year Balance at the end of the year	50,000	0.50	50,000	0.50

iv Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The holders of equity shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time, and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the remaining assets of the Company shall be distributed to the holders of equity shares in proportion to the number of shares held to the total equity shares outstanding as on that date. All shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

- v 50,000 (previous year 50,000) equity shares of the Company is held by holding company namely Indiabulls Real Estate Limited and its nominees.
- vi Details of shareholder holding more than 5% share capital

Number of shares 50,000 Name of the equity shareholder Indiabulls Real Estate Limited (including nominee shares)

VII Company does not have any shares issued for consideration other than cash during the immediately preceding five years. Company did not buy back any shares during immediately preceding five years.



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

	As at	
		As at
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Note - 15A		
Borrowings non-current		
Secured loans:		
Non-convertible debentures (refer note below)#	1,000.00	-
IndAs adjustment	(47.70)	-
Less: Current maturities of long-term borrowings	500.00	
	452.30	
Note - 15B		
Borrowings - current		
Secured loans:		
Non-convertible debentures (refer note below)#	500.00	-
Unsecured loans:		
Loans and advances from related parties*	2,452.50	3,574.70
	2,952.50	3,574.70
*Repayable on demand and carries no interest.	Age and a second control of the second contr	

irities) and security details for no (i)

Particulars	Maturity date	Security details	31 March 2023 (₹ in millions)	31 March 2022 (₹ in millions)
issued on 15 September 2022 for ₹ 1000	Repayable in six equal instalments of ₹ 150 millions at a rest of 90 days beginning 15 December 2022 and seventh instalment of ₹100 millions on date 14 June 2024.		452.30	
issued on 15 September 2022 for ₹ 500	Repayable in three equal instalments of ₹ 150 millions at a rest of 90 days beginning 14 June 2024 and fourth instalment of ₹50 millions on date 14 March 2025.		500.00	

<sup>#</sup> These non-convertible debentures are listed on the Wholesale Debt Market segment of BSE Limited.

### (ii) Detail of Security- non convertible dehentures

- a) These non-convertible debentures are secured by first ranking part passe charge on unsold inventory and receivables of the project.

  b) These non-convertible debentures are further secure by the corporate guarantee of Indiabulls Real Estate Limited (Holding Company) (refer note no. 42)

  c) Part passe charge on the interest service reserve account(ISRA) maintained through investment in Mutual Fund. (refer note no. 11)

Note - 16A
Provisions - non-current
Provision for employee benefits:
Gratuity 0.00 5.30 1.40 6.70 Compensated absences Note - 16B Provisions - current Provision for employee benefits: Gratuity Compensated absences 0.10



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

All amount in ₹ millions, unless otherwise stated
As at
As a

	As at	As at
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Note - 17	-	
Trade payables - current		
Due to micro and small enterprises*	3.60	13.70
Due to others	25.20	97.20
Retention Money	31.30	21.90
	60.10	132.80

Trade Payables ageing as at 31 March 2023

Trade Payables ageing as at 51 March 2025								
		Outstanding for the year ended 31 March 2023						
Particulars	Not dues	Less than I year	1 year to 2 years	2 years to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
(i) MSME	25.00	3.60		-	2°	28.60		
(ii) Other than MSME	6.30	25.20	-	-		31.50		
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	_	- 1		
(iv) Disputed dues - Other than MSME	-		-					

Trade Payables ageing as at 31 March 2022

Trade Payables ageing as at 51 March 2022							
Particulars	Outstanding for the year ended 31 March 2022						
Particulars	Not dues	Less than I year	1 year to 2 years	2 years to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i) MSME	-	13.70	-	-		13.70	
(ii) Other than MSME	-	104.40	14.70		м	119.10	
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-		-	-	~	- 1	
(iv) Disputed dues - Other than MSME	-				-	- 1	

\*Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act, 2006"), as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022:

	31 March	31 March 2022
	2023	
Particulars		
i) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year;	3.60	13.70
the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond t	he Nil	Nil
ii) appointed day during each accounting year;		
the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed of	ay Nil	Nil
iii) during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act;	-	
iv) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and	Nil	Nil
the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above a	re Nil	Na
v) actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23.		

The above information regarding Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available

with the Company.

Note - 18		
Other financial liabilities - current		
Expenses payable		
Interest accrued and due on borrowings	0.30	
Others	15.20 15.50	12.90 12.90
Note - 19		
Other current liabilities		
Payable to statutory authorities	2.30	12.20
Advance from customers	3,070.60	2,030.60
Other liabilities	47.70	
	3,120.60	2,042.80



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

Note - 20   Revenue from operations   1.20		All amount in ₹ millions, t For the Year Ended 31 March 2023	unless otherwise stated For the Year Ended 31 March 2022
Personal process   Personal pr	Note - 20		
Other species in concerption         1.20           Note - 21         The income         8.50           Interest income         8.50           Interest others         0.00           Interest income on flar valuation of financial instruments         7.20           Interest income on Income Tax Refund         1.00           Miscellaneous income         2.00           Note - 22         5.00           Cost of revenue         650,00           Cost incurred during the year         650,00           Cost incurred during the year         650,00           Cost incurred during the year         650,00           Closing stock         (4,124,10)           Closing stock         (4,124,10)           Cost and wages         3.5           Catality and leave encashment         5.00           Cheer         5.00           Cheer         5.00           Catality and leave encashment         6.00           Cheer         5.00           Catality and leave encashment         6.00           Cheer         5.00           Saff welfare expenses         0.00           Cheer         5.00           Sank guarantes charges         0.00           Interest con t			
Note - 21         Other income         8.50           Poofs on sale of investments (ret)         3.00           Incress income         6.00           Incress Income on fair valuation of financial instruments         7.20           Incress Income on fair valuation of financial instruments         2.00           Miscellancous income         2.00           Miscellancous income         650.00           Note - 22         650.00           Note - 22         650.00           Cost of revenue         650.00           Cost sincurred during the year         650.00           Chorisas of evenue         3.474.00           Closing stock         (4.124.10)           Note - 23         5.00           Employee benefits expenses         3.05           Catality and leave encashment         6.00           Staff welfare expenses         0.00           Others         15.30           Staff welfare expenses         0.00           Note - 24         Finance costs           Sank guarantee charges         0.00           Interest expenses on taxation         0.00           Avet-24         Finance costs           Sank guarantee charges         0.00           Interest expenses on taxation<			
Note - 21	Service receipts	1.20	1.00
Other income         8.50           Interest income         3.00           Profit on sale of investments (net)         3.00           Income on fair valuation of financial instruments         7.20           Income on Income         1.00           Miscellaneous income         1.00           Note - 22         3.00           Cost of revenue         50.00           (Increase) (decrease in real estate project under development         3.74.00           Closing stock         3.74.00           Closing stock         3.74.00           Closing stock         3.05           Closing stock         3.05           Salaries and wages         3.05           Carticular and leave encashment         6.00           Salaries and wages         3.05           Carticular and leave encashment         6.00           Selff welfare expenses         3.05           Carticular and leave encashment         6.00           Selff welfare expenses         0.00           Others         1.30           Note - 24         5.00           Finance costs         0.00           Interest expenses on taxation         0.00           Interest expenses on taxation         0.00		1.20	1.00
Interest income         8,50           Profit on sale of investments (net)         3,00           Interest - others         0,00           Income on fair valuation of financial instruments         1,00           Miscellaneous income         1,00           Miscellaneous income         1,00           Note - 22         2           Cost of revenue         50,00           Cherease) / decrease in real estate project under development         3,474,00           Opening stock         (4,124,10)           Closing stock         (4,124,10)           Note - 23         2           Employee benefits expense         30,50           Gatuity and leave encashment         6,50           Salinies and wages         30,50           Gatuity and leave encashment         6,00           Others         15,30           Others         15,30 </td <td>Note - 21</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Note - 21		
Pofit on sale of investments (net)         3.90           Interest - others         0.00           Income on fair valuation of financial instruments         7.20           Interest Income on Income Tax Refund         1.00           Miscellaneous income         1.00           Note - 22         2.06           Cost of revenue         50.00           Cost incurred during the year         65.00           (Increase)/ decrease in real estate project under development         3.474.00           Closing stock         3.474.00           Closing stock space         3.50           Salaries and wages         3.50           Salaries and wages         3.05           Gratuity and leave encashment         6.90           Staff welfare expenses         0.00           Others         15.30           Staff welfare expenses         0.00           Interest expenses on taxation         -           Interest on term loan         -           Advertisement expenses         0.10           Advertisement expenses         0.10           Advertisement	Other income		
Interest - others   0,00   1,000   1	Interest income	8.50	0.10
Interest Income on fair valuation of financial instruments		3.90	-
Interest Income on Income Tax Refund			**
Miscellaneous income         1,00           Abote - 22         Cost of revenue           Cost incured during the year         650.00           (Increase)/ decrease in real estate project under development         3,474.00           Opening stock         4,124.10           Note - 23         Samployee benefits expense           Salaries and wages         30.50           Gatuitity and leave encashment         6.90           Others         15.30           Saff welfare expenses         0.00           Others         15.70           Note - 24         Timestee of the sample of the		7.20	
Note - 22   Cost of revenue			0.00
Note - 22	Miscellaneous income	William Park Company of the Company	1.10 1.20
Cost of revenue         650.00           Cost incurred during the year         650.00           (Increase) / General estate project under development         3,474.00           Closing stock         4,124.10            4,124.10            4,124.10            6.00            30.50            30.50            6.90            30.50            6.90            6.90            6.90            6.90            6.90            6.90            6.90            6.90            6.90            6.90            6.90            6.90            6.00            6.00            6.00            6.00 <t< td=""><td></td><td>White the control of the control of</td><td></td></t<>		White the control of	
Cost incurred during the year         550.00           (Increase)/ decrease in real estate project under development         3,474.00           Closing stock         (4,124.10)           Closing stock         (4,124.10)           Note - 23         ************************************			
(Increase)/decrease in real estate project under development       3,474,00         Opening stock       (4,124.10)         Closing stock       (4,124.10)         Note - 23         Employee benefits expense       30,50         Gratuity and leave encashment       6.90         Staff welfare expenses       0,00         Others       15,30         Staff welfare expenses       0,00         Others       52,70         Note - 24       ***         Finance costs       0,00         Interest expenses on taxation       -         Interest on term loan       0,00         Note - 25       ***         Other expenses       0,10         Advertisement expenses       0,10         Bank charges       0,00         Advitior's renuncration - as auditor (refer note (i) below)       2,40         Communication expenses       -         Legal and professional charges       5,0         Printing and stationery       -         Rates and manchinery       0,00         Others       0,00         Brokerage and marketing expenses       0,00         Crosspace; increase of expenses       0,00         Crosspace; increase of expens		650.00	413,20
Opening stock         3,474,00           Closing stock         (4,124,10)           Note - 23			1 0 × 13 mm or
Closing stock		3,474.00	3,060.90
Note - 23   Employee benefits expense   Salaries and wages   \$30.50   Gratuity and leave encashment   \$6.90   \$0.00   \$0.00   \$15.30   \$52.70   \$0.0			(3,474.00)
Employee benefits expense   Salaries and wages   30.50   Gratitity and leave encashment   6.90   5.81   welfare expenses   0.00   0.0		Control contro	
Salaries and wages         30,50           Gratuity and leave encashment         6,90           Others         15,30           Staff welfare expenses         0,00           Others         52,70           Note - 24         Finance costs           Bank guarantee charges         0,00           Interest expenses on taxation         -           Interest on term loan         -           Note - 25         Other expenses           Advertisement expenses         0,10           Bank charges         0,00           Advitior's remuneration - as auditor (refer note (i) below)         2,40           Communication expenses         -           Legal and professional charges         5,00           Printing and stationerry         -           Retast and taxes         2,60           Repairs and maintenance         -           Plant and machinery         0,00           Others         0,30           Brokerage and marketing expenses         10,60           Subscription fees         0,00           Traveling and conveyance expenses         0,20           Cystomer, inception and other charges         0,20           Cystomer, inception and other charges         <	Note - 23		
Salaries and wages         30,50           Gratuity and leave encashment         6,90           Staff welfare expenses         0,00           Others         15,30           52,70           Note - 24           Finance costs           Bank guarantee charges         0,00           Interest expenses on taxation         -           Interest on term loan         -           Note - 25         -           Other expenses         0,10           Bank charges         0,00           Advertisement expenses         0,10           Bank charges         0,00           Advertisement expenses         0,10           Communication expenses         0,00           Communication expenses         5,00           Printing and stationerry         2,60           Retast and taxes         2,60           Repairs and maintenance         9           Plant and machinery         0,00           Others         0,30           Brokerage and marketing expenses         10,60           Subscription fees         0,00           Traveling and conveyance expenses         0,20           Cysterorer inception and other charges	Employee benefits expense		
Gratuity and leave encashment         6,90           Staff welfare expenses         0.00           Others         15,30           Note - 24           Finance costs         -           Bank guarantee charges         0.00           Interest expenses on taxation         -           Interest on term loan         -           Note - 25         -           Other expenses         0.00           Advertisement expenses         0.10           Bank charges         0.00           Auditor's remuneration - as auditor (refer note (i) below)         2.40           Communication expenses         5.00           Printing and stationery         -           Retes and taxes         2.60           Repairs and maintenance         2.60           Plant and machinery         0.00           Others         0.30           Brokerage and marketing expenses         0.00           Cuttering and conveyance expenses         0.00           Cissomer in centive and of the scherors         0.00           Cissomer in centive and of the scherors         0.00		30.50	0.70
Others         15.30           Note - 24           Finance costs         0.00           Bank guarantee charges         0.00           Interest expenses on taxation         -           Interest on term loan         0.00           Note - 25         -           Other expenses         0.10           Bank charges         0.00           Auditor's remuneration - as auditor (refer note (i) below)         2.40           Communication expenses         -           Legal and professional charges         5.00           Printing and stationery         -           Rates and taxes         2.60           Repairs and maintenance         -           Plant and machinery         0.00           Others         0.30           Brokerage and marketing expenses         10.60           Subscription fees         0.00           Craveling and conveyance expenses         0.00           Craveling and conveyance expenses         0.20           Customer, incentive and other chorers         0.20	Gratuity and leave encashment		(0.20)
Note - 24   Finance costs   Sank guarantee charges   0.00   Interest expenses on taxation   - Interest on term loan   0.00     Note - 25   Sank guarantee charges   0.00     Note - 25   Sank guarantee charges   0.00     Note - 25   Sank guarantee expenses   0.10     Bank charges   0.10     Bank charges   0.00     Bank charges   0.00     Communication expenses   - Interest on term loan   0.00     Communication expenses   - Interest on term loan   0.00     Printing and stationery   - Interest on term loan   0.00     Printing and stationery   - Interest on term loan   0.00     Repairs and maintenance   0.00     Plant and machinery   0.00     Others   0.30     Brokerage and marketing expenses   0.00     Traveling and conveyance expenses   0.00     Miscellaneous expenses   0.00     Customer incentive and other choses   0.00	Staff welfare expenses	0.00	- ,
Note - 24   Finance costs   Sank guarantee charges   0.00   Interest expenses on taxation   -	Others	15.30	
Finance costs         0.00           Interest expenses on taxation         -           Interest on term loan         -           Note - 25         -           Other expenses         0.10           Bank charges         0.00           Advertisement expenses         0.00           Bank charges         0.00           Auditor's remuneration - as auditor (refer note (i) below)         2.40           Communication expenses         -           Legal and professional charges         5.00           Printing and stationery         -           Rates and taxes         2.60           Repairs and maintenance         -           Plant and machinery         0.00           Others         0.30           Brokerage and marketing expenses         10.60           Subscription fees         0.00           Traveling and conveyance expenses         0.00           Miscellaneous expenses         0.00           Customer incentries and other chorers         0.20           Customer incentries and other chorers         0.20		52.70	0.50
Bank guarantee charges         0.00           Interest expenses on taxation         -           Interest on term loan         -           0.000         -           Note - 25         -           Other expenses         0.10           Bank charges         0.00           Auditor's remuneration - as auditor (refer note (i) below)         2.40           Communication expenses         -           Legal and professional charges         5.00           Printing and stationery         -           Rates and taxes         2.60           Repairs and maintenance         -           Plant and machinery         0.00           Others         0.30           Brokerage and marketing expenses         10.60           Subscription fees         0.00           Traveling and conveyance expenses         0.00           Wiscellaneous expenses         0.20           Customer incentive and other chorers         0.20	Note - 24		
Interest expenses on taxation         -           Interest on term loan         0.00           Note - 25         -           Other expenses         0.10           Bank charges         0.00           Auditor's remuneration - as auditor (refer note (i) below)         2.40           Communication expenses         -           Legal and professional charges         5.00           Printing and stationery         -           Rates and taxes         2.60           Repairs and maintenance         -           Plant and machinery         0.00           Others         0.30           Brokerage and marketing expenses         10.60           Subscription fees         0.00           Traveling and conveyance expenses         0.00           Wiscellaneous expenses         0.20           Customer incentive and other chosens         0.20	Finance costs		
Interest on term loan         0.00           Note - 25         Other expenses           Advertisement expenses         0.10           Bank charges         0.00           Auditor's remuneration - as auditor (refer note (i) below)         2.40           Communication expenses         -           Legal and professional charges         5.00           Printing and stationery         -           Rates and taxes         2.60           Repairs and maintenance         -           Plant and machinery         0.00           Others         0.30           Brokerage and marketing expenses         10.60           Subscription fees         0.00           Traveling and conveyance expenses         0.00           Miscellaneous expenses         0.20           Customer incentive and other chorers         0.20	Bank guarantee charges	0.00	490
Note - 25   Start expenses   Start exp	Interest expenses on taxation	-	0.20
Note - 25 Other expenses Advertisement expenses 0.10 Bank charges 0.00 Auditor's remuneration - as auditor (refer note (i) below) 2.40 Communication expenses 5.00 Printing and professional charges 5.00 Printing and stationery	Interest on term loan		209.20
Other expenses       0.10         Bank charges       0.00         Auditor's remuneration - as auditor (refer note (i) below)       2.40         Communication expenses       -         Legal and professional charges       5.00         Printing and stationery       -         Rates and taxes       2.60         Repairs and maintenance       -         Plant and machinery       0.00         Others       0.30         Brokerage and marketing expenses       10.60         Subscription fees       0.00         Traveling and conveyance expenses       0.00         Miscellaneous expenses       0.20         Customer incentive and other cheers       0.20		0.00	209.40
Advertisement expenses         0.10           Bank charges         0.00           Auditor's remuneration - as auditor (refer note (i) below)         2.40           Communication expenses         -           Legal and professional charges         5.00           Printing and stationery         -           Rates and taxes         2.60           Repairs and maintenance         Value of the communication o	Note - 25		
Bank charges         0.00           Auditor's remuneration - as auditor (refer note (i) below)         2.40           Communication expenses         -           Legal and professional charges         5.00           Printing and stationery         -           Rates and taxes         2.60           Repairs and maintenance         -           Plant and machinery         0.00           Others         0.30           Brokerage and marketing expenses         10.60           Subscription fees         0.00           Traveling and conveyance expenses         0.00           Miscellaneous expenses         0.20           Customer incentive and other cheers         2.60			
Auditor's remuneration - as auditor (refer note (i) below)  Communication expenses  Legal and professional charges  Printing and stationery  Rates and taxes  2.60  Repairs and maintenance  Plant and machinery  Others  Brokerage and marketing expenses  10.60  Subscription fees  0.00  Traveling and conveyance expenses  0.00  Miscellaneous expenses  0.20  Customer incentive and other chorees		0.10	
Communication expenses         -           Legal and professional charges         5.00           Printing and stationery         -           Rates and taxes         2.60           Repairs and maintenance         -           Plant and machinery         0.00           Others         0.30           Brokerage and marketing expenses         10.60           Subscription fees         0.00           Traveling and conveyance expenses         0.00           Miscellaneous expenses         0.20           Customer incentive and other charges         0.20		0.00	~
Legal and professional charges       5.00         Printing and stationery       -         Rates and taxes       2.60         Repairs and maintenance       -         Plant and machinery       0.00         Others       0.30         Brokerage and marketing expenses       10.60         Subscription fees       0.00         Traveling and conveyance expenses       0.00         Miscellaneous expenses       0.20         Customer incentive and other chorees       0.20	The state of the s	2.40	0.10
Printing and stationery Rates and taxes 2.60 Repairs and maintenance Plant and machinery 0.00 Others 0.30 Brokerage and marketing expenses 10.60 Subscription fees 0.00 Traveling and conveyance expenses 0.00 Wiscellaneous expenses 0.20 Customer incentive and other chorers	*	AL .	0.10
Rates and taxes 2.60 Repairs and maintenance Plant and machinery 0.00 Others 0.30 Brokerage and marketing expenses 10.60 Subscription fees 0.00 Traveling and conveyance expenses 0.00 Miscellaneous expenses 0.20 Gustomer inscentive and other chorees 0.20		5.00	2.00
Repairs and maintenance       0.00         Plant and machinery       0.00         Others       0.30         Brokerage and marketing expenses       10.60         Subscription fees       0.00         Traveling and conveyance expenses       0.00         Miscellaneous expenses       0.20         Customer incentive and other cheeses       0.20			0.10
Plant and machinery 0.00 Others 0.30 Brokerage and marketing expenses 10.60 Subscription fees 0.00 Traveling and conveyance expenses 0.00 Miscellaneous expenses 0.20 Customer insentive and other chorers		2.60	0.20
Others 0.30 Brokerage and marketing expenses 10.60 Subscription fees 0.00 Praveling and conveyance expenses 0.00 Miscellaneous expenses 0.20 Customer insentive and other chores		0.00	
Brokerage and marketing expenses 10.60 Subscription fees 0.00 Traveling and conveyance expenses 0.00 Miscellaneous expenses 0.20 Customer insenting and other charges			0.40
Subscription fees 0.00 Traveling and conveyance expenses 0.00 Miscellaneous expenses 0.20 Customer incentive and other cheres			0.10
Traveling and conveyance expenses 0.00 Miscellaneous expenses 0.20 Customer incentive and other charges			6.10
Miscellaneous expenses 0.20 Customer incentive and other charges	*		0.10
Customer incentive and other charges			0.10 0.10
2,00	Customer incentive and other charges		0.50
TAKE PRAKES 23.80	PRAKAS		9.40

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

	All amount in ₹ millions,	unless otherwise stated
	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023	For the Year Ended 31 March 2022
(i) Details of Auditor's remuneration		
Auditor's remuneration		
Audit fee	2.40	0.10
	2.40	0.10

# Note - 26

Income tax

Since the company has incurred loss during the financial years 2022-23 and 2021-22 hence there is no tax liability as per provisions of Income tax act, 1961, the calculation of effective tax rate is not relevant and hence not given .

Deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax loss carry forward can be utilised. The unabsorbed business losses and depreciation amount to ₹722.33 millions on which no deferred tax assets is

The company has unabsorbed business losses amounting to ₹722.33 millions (31 March 2022: ₹3,121.13 millions) that are available for offsetting for a maximum period of eight years from the incurrence of loss. The company has not created deferred tax assets on these unabsorbed losses considering uncertainty involved around future business income.

Note - 27 Earnings per share (EPS)

The Company's Earnings per Share ("EPS") is determined based on the net profit attributable to the shareholders. Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of common and dilutive common equivalent shares outstanding during the year including share options, except where the result would be anti-dilutive. The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders for basic earnings  Profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders adjusted for the effect of dilution	(55.10) (55.10)	(217.60) (217.60)
Weighted average number of Equity shares for basic / diluted EPS*	50,000	50,000

\*No transaction is there which have impacted the calculation of weighted average number of shares. No other transaction involving Equity shares or potential Equity shares is there between the reporting date and the date of authorisation of these financial statements.

Earnings per equity share

(1) Basic (₹)		
(i) Dasic (v)	(1.102.57)	(4,352.66)
	(1,100.31)	(4,55,600)
(2) Diluted (₹)	(1,102.57)	(1.250 (0)
		14 127 001



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

## Note - 28

All amount in ₹ millions, unless otherwise stated

### A) Financial Instruments by category

For amortised cost instruments, carrying value represents the best estimate of fair value.

		31 March 2023			31 March 2022		
	FVTPL (See note 1 below)	FVOCI (See note 2 below)	Amortised cost	FVTPL (See note 1 below)	FVOCI (See note 2 below)	Amortised cost	
Financial assets							
Investments							
Mutual funds	213.40	-	-	-		~	
Cash and cash equivalents		-	180.70	-	-	126.40	
Other bank balances	-	-	3.10	~		2.50	
Other financial assets			0.70	~	~	0.50	
Total financial assets	213.40	-	184.50	-	-	129.40	

#### Motes

- 1. These financial assets are mandatorily measured at fair value through profit and loss.
- 2. These financial assets represent investments in equity instruments designated as such upon initial recognition.

	31 March 2023				22	
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	FVTPL.	FVOCI	Amortised cost
Financial liabilities				***************************************	***************************************	
Borrowings (including accrued interest)	-	an.	3,405.10	-	-	3,574.70
Trade payables	-	÷	60.10	~	~	132.80
Other financial liabilities	,		15.20	-	~	12.90
Total financial liabilities	-	•	3,480.40	***	40 Annual Control of the Control of	3,720.40

#### B) Fair value measurements

#### (i) Fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three Levels of a fair value hierarchy.

The three Levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

Companies does not have any financial assets and financial liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value so no analysis has been shown for fair value measurements.

## ii) Financial instruments measured at amortised cost

Financial instruments measured at amortised cost for which the carrying value is the fair value.



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

All amount in ₹ millions, unless otherwise stated

#### Note - 29

#### Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The company's board of directors has overall responsibility for establishment and oversight of Company's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and related impact in the financial statements.

#### (A) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of default on its obligation by the counterparty resulting in a financial loss. Maximum exposure to Credit risk primarily comes from trade receivables. Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as we generally invest in deposits with banks and financials institutions with high credit rating assigned by international and domestic credit rating agencies.

Company does not have any trade receivables as on reporting date.

#### Credit risk management

The finance function of the Company assesses and manages credit risk based on internal credit rating system. Internal credit rating is performed for each class of financial instruments with different characteristics. The Entity classifies its financial assets into the following categories based on the assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

- A: Low credit risk
- B: Moderate credit risk
- C: High credit risk

#### Assets under credit risk -

Credit rating	Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022			
A	Cash and Cash Equivalents	180.70	126.40			
	Other bank balances	3.10	2.50			
	Other financial assets	0.70	0.50			
A	Investment in Mutual funds	213.40	-			

The risk parameters are same for all financial assets for all period presented. The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an on-going basis throughout each reporting period. In general, definition of default is determined by considering the business environment in which entity operates and other macro-economic factors.

#### Credit risk exposure

#### Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on lifetime expected credit loss mechanism for loans, deposits and other investments .

As per the management assessment, company does not need to provide for expected credit loss on any of the financial asset.

## Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach

Company does not have any trade receivables.

#### (B) Liquidity risk

The company's principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents and the cash flow that is generated from operations. The company has no outstanding bank borrowings. The company believes that the working capital is sufficient to meet its current requirements. Company also have an option to arrange funds by taking loans and borrowing from Holding Company. Accordingly no liquidity risk is being perceived.

## Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is insignificant.

31 March 2023	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 3 years	More than 4 years	Total
Non-derivatives					
Borrowings (including accrued interest)	3,405.10	-	-	 _	3,405.10
Trade payables	60.10	-	_	 _	60.10
Other Financial Liabilities	15.20		-	 _	15.20
Total	3,480.39	-	~	 29	3,480.39



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

All amount in ₹ millions, unless otherwise stated

31 March 2022	Less than 1	than 1 Between 1 Between 2 Between 3		More than 4	Total	
	year	and 2 years	and 3 years	and 4 years	years	
Non-derivatives				***************************************		
Borrowings	3,574.70	-	_		~	3,574.70
Trade payables	132.80	-	- 1	-	-	132.80
Other Financial Liabilities	12.90	~	- 1	-	-	12.90
Total	3,720.40	-	_		-	3,720,40
						,

### (C) Market risk

#### Foreign exchange risk

Company does not have any foreign currency risks and therefore sensitivity analysis has not been shown.

#### Interest rate risk

The Company's fixed rate borrowings are not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

The Company's variable rate borrowing is subject to interest rate. Below is the overall exposure of the borrowing:

(₹ in Millions)

	regist to the extension to continue and a superior	-
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Variable rate borrowing	-	-
Fixed rate borrowing	3404.80	-
Total borrowings	3,404.80	

Sensitivity

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from variable rate borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates.

(₹ in Millions)

Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Interest rates – increase by 1%		
Interest rates – decrease by 1%	_	

## Price risk

Company does not have any price risk



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2023

All amount in ₹ millions, unless otherwise stated

#### Details with respect to the Benami properties

No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the entity under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 for the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

#### Note - 31

Undisclosed income
There is no such income which has not been disclosed in the books of accounts. No such income is surrendered or disclosed as income during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 in the tax assessments under Income Tax Act, 1961.

#### Note - 32

Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

Profit or loss on transactions involving Crypto currency or Virtual Currency	No transaction during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.
Amount of currency held as at the reporting date	No transaction during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022
Deposits or advances from any person for the purpose of trading or investing in Crypto Currency / virtual currency	No transaction during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022

#### Note - 33

#### Ratio Analysis

The following are analytical ratios for the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	Variance
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	0.80	0.65	23.20%
Debt Service Coverage Ratio*	Barnings available for debt services	Debt Service	(0.09)	NA	NA NA
Debt Equity Ratio	Total Debts	Shareholder's Equity	(1.66)	(1.80)	-7.32%
Return on Equity (ROE)#	Net Profit After Taxes	Average Share holder's Equity	NA.	NA	NA
Trade Receivables turnover ratio\$	Revenue	Average Trade Receivable	NA	NA	NA
Trade Payables turnover ratio**	Purchase of services and other expenses	Average Trade Payable	2.29	4.97	-53.83%
Net Capital Tumover Ratio\$	Revenue	Working Capital	NA.	NA	NA
Net profit ratio\$	Net profit	Revenue	NA.	NA	NA
Return of Capital Employed (ROCE)\$	Earning before interest taxes	Capital Employed	NA.	NA	NA
Inventory turnover ratio\$	Cost of Goods sold	Average Inventory	NA	NA	NA

- \* Ratio can not be calculated due to negative earnings in previous and current year.

  # Ratio can not be calculated due to negative share holder's equity in previous and current year.

  \*\* Variation is due to decrease in direct costs.

SNot applicable.

Following ratios are not applicable in view of the fact that either numerator or denominator does not have any value-

Net profit ratio, Trade receivables tumover ratio, Trade payables turnover ratio, Net capital turnover ratio, Inventory tumover ratio and Return of Capital Employed (ROCE) ratio.

#### Wilful Defaulter:

No bank or financial institution has declared the company as "Wilful defaulter" during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

Details in respect of Utilization of Borrowed funds and share premium:

Particulars	Description
Transactions where an entity has provided any advance, loan, or invested funds to any other person (s) or entity/ entities, including foreign entities.	No such transaction has taken place during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022
Transactions where an entity has received any fund from any person (s) or entity/entines, including foreign entity.	No such transaction has taken place during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022

# Relationship with Struck off Companies:

No transaction has been made with the company struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 569 of Companies Act, 1956 during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

#### Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies:

All applicable cases where registration of charges or satisfaction is required with Registrar of Companies have been done. No registration or satisfaction is pending for the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

## Note - 38

#### Compliance with number of layers of companies:

The companies with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 and no layers of companies has been established beyond the limit prescribed as per above said section / rules, during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

#### Loan or advances granted to the promoters, directors and KMPs and the related parties:

No loan or advances in the nature of loans are granted to the promoters, directors, key managerial persons and the related parties (as defined under Companies Acr, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022, that are:

## (a) repayable on demand or

(b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment

## Note - 40

#### Code on Social Security, 2020:

The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which would impact the contributions by the company towards Provident Fund and Gratuity. The Ministry of Labour and Employment had released draft rules for the Code on Social Security, 2020 on 13 November 2020, and invited suggestions from stakeholders which are under consideration by the Ministry. The Company will assets the impact and its evaluation once the subject rules are notified. The Company will give appropriate impact in its financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

All amount in ₹ millions, unless otherwise stated

#### Note - 41

## Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to:

- To ensure Company's ability to continue as a going concern, and
- To provide adequate return to shareholders

Management assesses the capital requirements in order to maintain an efficient overall financing structure. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. The Company manages its capital requirements by reviewing its net debt position, where net debt is equal to non-current borrowing (including current maturities of non-current borrowings) and short-term borrowing net of cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances.

Note – 42 Related party transactions

Relationship	Name of the related parties
Related parties exercising control	
Holding company	Indiabulls Real Estate Limited
Other related parties	
Fellow Subsidiaries*	Indiabulls Constructions Limited

<sup>\*</sup> with whom transactions have been made during the year/previous year

## (i) Statement of transactions with related parties

Nature of transactions	Holding Comp	Fellow subsidiary		
	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22
Loans and advances taken/(repaid)				
Holding Company:				
-Indiabulls Real Estate Limited	(1,122.20)	2,076.80		
Corporate Guarantee given by holding Company	Refer note 15B (ii)	~		
Sale of Scrap				
Fellow Subsidiary Company:				
- Indiabulls Constructions Limited	-	**	-	0.10

### (ii) Statement of balances outstanding:

	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Loans and advance taken		
Holding Company:		
-Indiabulls Real Estate Limited	2,452.50	3,574.70
Expenses Payable		
Fellow Subsidiary Company:		
- Indiabulls Constructions Limited		0.10

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

All amount in ₹ millions, unless otherwise stated

Note – 43 Contingent liabilities and commitments

## Contingent liabilities:

Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Income tax demand in respect of which appeals have been filed with CIT(A) for A.Y 2018-19*	-	1.20
Demand raised in respect of differential interest under VAT**	0.10	0.10
Demand cum Show Cause raised with respect to ITC claimed through TRAN-1	3.60	100
Demand issued for SGST credit claimed in Tran-1, appeal pending with Appellate Authority	0.10	-

<sup>\*</sup>The Company has received a demand from the income-tax department for financial year 2017-18 on account of disallowances of expenses. The Company has filed an appeal in Commissioner of Income Tax – Appeals against the demand for respective year.

### Legal Case:

The Company is subject to legal proceedings and claims, which have arisen in the ordinary course of business. The Company's Management reasonably expects that these legal actions, when ultimately concluded and determined, will not have a material and adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

## Bank Guarantee

Guarantee provided by the bank (secured by way of fixed deposits of the Company): ₹ 2.50 millions (Previous year Nil).

There are no other contingent liabilities and commitments to be reported as on 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

### Note - 44

## Employee benefits

### Defined contribution plan

The Company has made Nil (31 March 2022 - Nil) contribution in respect of provident fund.

## Defined benefit plan

The Company has the following defined benefit plans:

- Gratuity (unfunded)
- Compensated absences (unfunded)



<sup>\*\*</sup> The company has received a demand of ₹0.10 millions from department of GST, Maharashtra, period covered by the order from 01 April 2017 to 30 June 2017 for levy of interest u/s 30(2) of Maharashtra Value Added Tax, 2002.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

All amount in ₹ millions, unless otherwise stated

## Risks associated with plan provisions

Discount rate risk	Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the liability.
Mortality risk	Actual death and liability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the liabilities.
Salary risk	Actual salary increase will increase the liability. Increase in salary increase rate assumption in future valuations will also increase the liability.
Withdrawal risk	Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawal rates at subsequent valuations can impact liability.

### Compensated absences

The leave obligations cover the Company's liability for earned leaves. The amount of provision of ₹ 1.50 millions (31 March 2022 -₹ 0.00 millions) is presented as current, since the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for any of these obligations. However based on past experience, the Company does not expect all employees to take the full amount of accrued leave or require payment within the next 12 months, therefore based on the independent actuarial report, only a certain amount of provision has been presented as current and remaining as non-current. The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 13.54 years (31 March 2022: Nil).

Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation:

(₹ in millions)

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Actuarial (Gain) / loss on arising from change in financial assumptions	~	
Actuarial Loss / (gain) on arising from change in experience adjustment	-	

Amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss is as under:

(₹ in millions)

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Current service cost	1.50	
Interest cost	-	
Actuarial gain on obligation	-	, ca
Expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss	(1.50)	**

Movement in the liability recognized in the balance sheet is as under:

(₹ in millions)

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year		-
Current service cost	0.30	
Interest cost	400	-
Actuarial gain on obligation	1.20	
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	1.50	949



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

All amount in ₹ millions, unless otherwise stated

Bifurcation of projected benefit obligation at the end of the year in current and non-current (₹ in millions)

		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
a)	Current liability (amount due within one year)	0.10	
b)	Non - current liability (amount due over one year)	1.40	
	Total projected benefit obligation at the end of the year	1.50	ou ou

For determination of the liability of the Company, the following actuarial assumptions were used:

Particulars	culars Compensated absences	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Discount rate	7.36%	
Salary escalation rate	5.00%	erhor terminal militar video derminal austra accitence del disende control del del mentre del militar e alla control del mentre del del del del del del del del del de
Martality table	Indian Assured Lives	
Mortality table	Mortality (2012 -14)	••

As the Company does not have any plan assets, the movement of present value of defined benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets has not been presented.

These assumptions were developed by management with the assistance of independent actuarial appraisers. Discount factors are determined close to each year-end by reference to government bonds of relevant economic markets and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Other assumptions are based on management's historical experience.

Maturity plan of Defined Benefit Obligation (₹ in millions)

	Year	31 March 2023	Year	31 March 2022
a)	April 2023 – March 2024	0.00	April 2022 – March 2023	ide
b)	April 2024 – March 2025	0.00	April 2023 – March 2024	~
c)	April 2025 – March 2026	0.00	April 2024 – March 2025	
d)	April 2026 – March 2027	0.00	April 2025 – March 2026	
e)	April 2027 – March 2028	0.00	April 2026 – March 2027	···
f)	April 2028 – March 2029	0.10	April 2027 – March 2028	-
g)	April 2029 onwards	1.30	April 2028 onwards	~

Sensitivity analysis for compensated absences liability (₹ in millions)

		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Impact	of the change in discount rate		
	Present value of obligation at the end of the year	1.50	
a)	Impact due to increase of 0.50 %	(0.10)	va.
b)	Impact due to decrease of 0.50 %	0.10	
Impact	of the change in salary increase		
	Present value of obligation at the end of the year	1.50	
a)	Impact due to increase of 0.50 %	0.10	
b)	Impact due to decrease of 0.50 %	(0.10)	

Sensitivities due to mortality and withdrawal are not material and hence impact of change not calculated.

#### Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/termination is the employee's last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied for the number of years of service. Gratuity plan is a non-funded plan. The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 13.54 years (31 March 2022: Nil)



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

All amount in ₹ millions, unless otherwise stated

Actuarial loss recognised in other comprehensive income

(₹ in millions)

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Actuarial gain on arising from change in demographic assumption		-
Actuarial (Gain) / loss on arising from change in financial assumptions	***	-
Actuarial loss on arising from change in experience adjustment	~	

Amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss is as under:

(₹ in millions)

imount recognises in the observation of profit and roof is no united.		( \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Current service cost	0.60	
Interest cost	-	~
Expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss	0.60	-

Movement in the liability recognized in the balance sheet is as under:

(₹ in millions)

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year		
Current service cost	0.60	
Interest cost	~	
Benefits paid		-
Total actuarial (Gain) / loss on obligation	4.70	AMI
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	5.40	on.

## Bifurcation of projected benefit obligation at the end of the year in current and non-current

(₹ in millions)

		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
a)	Current liability (amount due within one year)	0.10	~-
b)	Non - current liability (amount due over one year)	5.30	···
	Total projected benefit obligation at the end of the year	5.40	

For determination of the liability of the Company, the following actuarial assumptions were used:

Particulars	Gratuit	Gratuity		
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022		
Discount rate	7.36%			
Salary escalation rate	5.00%			
Mortality table	Indian Assured Lives Mortality			
Moreanty table	(2012-14)	-		

As the Company does not have any plan assets, the movement of present value of defined benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets has not been presented.

These assumptions were developed by management with the assistance of independent actuarial appraisers. Discount factors are determined close to each year-end by reference to government bonds of relevant economic markets and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Other assumptions are based on management's historical experience.

Maturity plan of Defined Benefit Obligation

(₹ in millions)

	Year	31 March 2023	Year	31 March 2022
a)	April 2023 – March 2024	0.10	April 2022 – March 2023	in in the second se
b)	April 2024 – March 2025	0.10	April 2023 – March 2024	
c)_	April 2025 – March 2026	0.10	April 2024 – March 2025	

Impact due to increase of 0.50 %

Impact due to decrease of 0.50 %

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

All amount in ₹ millions, unless otherwise stated

0.30

(0.30)

d)	April 2026 – March 2027	0.10	April :	2025 – March 2026	+
e)	April 2027 – March 2028	0.10	April 2026 – March 2027		
f)	April 2028 – March 2029	0.10	April 2027 – March 2028		Arts.
g)	April 2029 onwards	4.80	Ap	ril 2028 onwards	-
Sensitivi	ty analysis for gratuity liability				(₹ in millions)
			TO CANADA TO THE STATE OF THE S	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Impact	of the change in discount rate				
	Present value of obligation at the	ne end of the year		5.40	
a)	Impact due to increase of 0.50	%		(0.30)	-
b)	Impact due to decrease of 0.50	%		0.30	
Impact	of the change in salary increase		hadh firm in idealad an is nama dan anna		
	Present value of obligation at the	ne end of the year		5.40	gav.

Sensitivities due to mortality and withdrawal are not material and hence impact of change not calculated.

Sensitivities as to rate of inflation, rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement and life expectancy are not applicable being a lump sum benefit on retirement.

Since the number of employees in the previous year were insignificant, the disclosures for employee benefits – compensated absences and gratuity for the previous year were not presented.

### Note - 45

a)

b)

## Segmental information

The Company's primary business segment is reflected based on principal business activities carried on by the Company i.e. development of real estate projects which as per Ind AS 108 on 'Segment Reporting' is considered to be the only reportable business segment. The Company is operating in India which is considered as a single geographical segment.

Note – 46
Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities pursuant to Ind AS 7 - Cash flows

Particulars	Non-current	Total
	borrowings	
	(including	
	current maturities)	
Net debt as at 01 April 2021	4,057.90	4,057.90
Proceeds from current/ non-current borrowings (including current	9,220.80	9,220.80
maturities)		
Repayment of current/non-current borrowings (including current	(9,704.00)	(9,704.00)
maturities)		
Net debt as at 31 March 2022	3,574.70	3,574.70
Proceeds from current/ non-current borrowings (including current	1500.00	1500.00
maturities)		
Repayment of current/non-current borrowings (including current	(1622.20)	(1622.20)
maturities)		
Non cash adjustments	(47.70)	(47.70)
Interest Expense	89.20	89.20
Interest Paid	(89.20)	(89.20)
Net debt as at 31 March 2023	3404.80	3404.80



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

All amount in  $\overline{\epsilon}$  millions, unless otherwise stated

#### Note - 47

## Other matters

- a. The Company has not entered into any derivative instrument during the year. The Company does not have any foreign currency exposures towards receivables, payables or any other derivative instrument that have not been hedged.
- b. In respect of amounts as mentioned under Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013, there were no dues required to be credited to the Investor Education and Protection Fund as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.
- c. In the opinion of the Board of Directors, all current assets and long term loans & advances, appearing in the balance sheet as at 31 March 2023, have a value on realization, in the ordinary course of the Company's business, at least equal to the amount at which they are stated in the financial statements. In the opinion of the board of directors, no provision is required to be made against the recoverability of these balances.

For Agarwal Prakash & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 005975N

-005975N New Delhi

Vikas Aggarwal Partner

Place: Gurugram Date: 30 May 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sameer Khanna

Whole-time director [DIN: 10162281]

Vardika Tain

Company Secretary

Amit Róshan Bhagat

Director

[DIN: 10163776]